## TY Hons Maths - Problem Set 4.

1. Factorise the following: (i) $6 x y+3 x^{2} y-9 x^{2} y^{3}$
(ii) $4 y^{2}-25 z^{2}$
(iii) $6 x^{2}-13 x-5$ (iv) $27 x^{3}+8 y^{3}$
2. Write down a quadratic whose roots are 4 and 3 .
3. Find the real numbers $a$ and $b$ such that

$$
x^{2}+8 x+7=(x+a)^{2}+b
$$

4. Find the discriminant of the following equations and hence state the nature of their roots.
(Nature means whether they are real, equal or not real etc)
(i) $x^{2}+6 x+9=0$
(ii) $x^{2}+3 x+9=0$
(iii) $x^{2}+6 x+4=0$
5. Solve, without using a calculator, the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=x^{2}-6 x+15 \\
& 2 x-y+3=0
\end{aligned}
$$

[Ans: $(2,7)$ and $(6,15)]$
. In each of the following, express $a$ in terms of the other variables.
6.
(i) $y=2 a-x$
(ii) $\mathrm{y}=\sqrt{a-x}$
(iii) $\frac{x}{y}=\frac{a+b}{a-b}$
7. (a) Expand the following (i) $(2 x+5)^{2}$ (ii) $(a x+b)^{2}$
(b) If $9 x^{2}-24 x+p$ is a perfect square, find the value of $p$.
8. Simplify the following two algebraic expressions:
(i) $\frac{3 x^{2}-16 x+5}{x^{2}-6 x+5}$
(ii) $\frac{1+\frac{3}{x}}{2-\frac{4}{3 x}}$

