

5th Year Hons Maths - Problem Set 6 - Solutions

1 No Real Roots $\Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac < 0$

$$a = 3, b = 2, c = k$$

$$(2)^2 - 4(3)(k) < 0$$

$$4 - 12k < 0$$

$$12k > 4$$

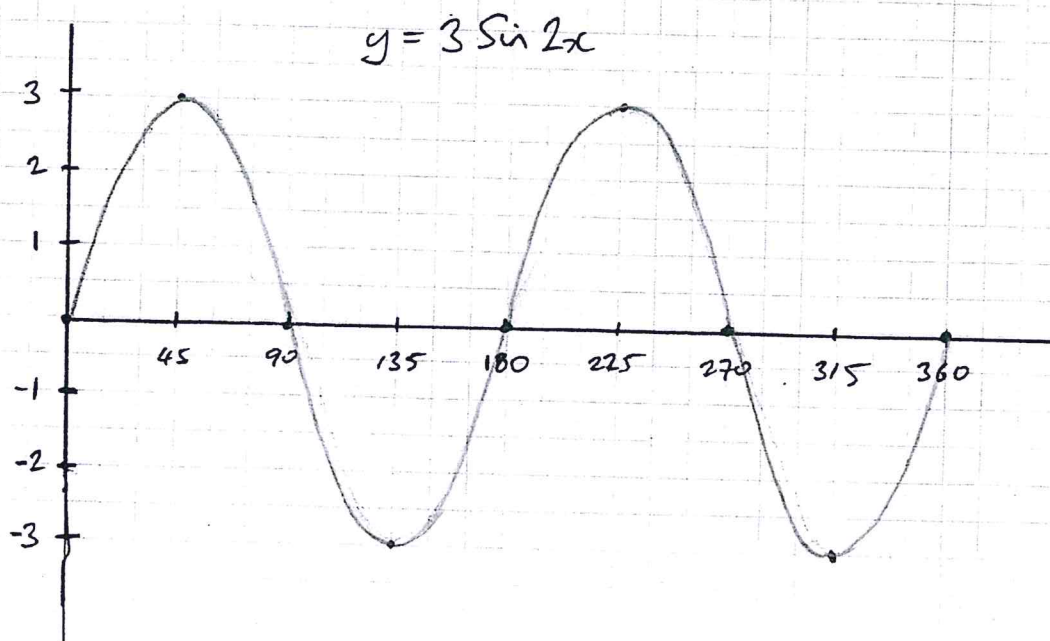
$$k > \frac{1}{3}$$

3 $2\pi = 90^\circ \Rightarrow \pi = 45^\circ$

π	0	45	90	135	180	225	270
2π	0	90	180	270	360	450	540
$\sin 2\pi$	0	1	0	-1	0	1	0
$3 \sin 2\pi$	0	3	0	-3	0	3	0

$(0,0) (45,3) (90,0) (135,-3) (180,0)$

$(225,3) (270,0) (315,-3) \text{ etc}$



Period = 180°

Range = $[3, -3]$

Theory: $y = A \sin bx$

Period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$

Range = $[A, -A]$

$$2 V(t) = 965 - 86t$$

$$(i) V(4) = 965 - 86(4)$$

=

$V(4)$ = Value of photocopier after 4 years

$$(ii) V(t) = 578$$

$$965 - 86t = 578$$

$$86t = 387$$

$$t = 4.5 \text{ years}$$

$V(4.5) = 578$ is the value of the photocopier after 4.5 years

(iii) original price $\Rightarrow t = 0$

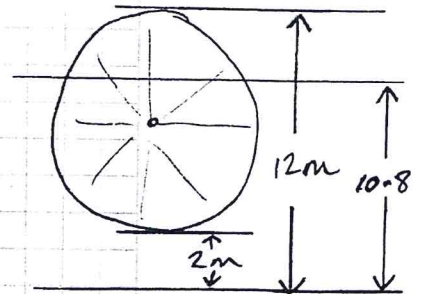
$$V(0) = 965 - 86(0) = 965$$

4 (i) Max value of $\sin t^\circ = 1$

$\Rightarrow$ Max height $h = 7 + 5(1) = 12 \text{ m}$

Min value of $\sin t^\circ = -1$

$\Rightarrow$ Min height: $h = 7 + 5(-1) = 2 \text{ m}$



(ii) $h = 7 + 5 \sin t^\circ$

$10.8 = 7 + 5 \sin t^\circ$

$3.8 = 5 \sin t^\circ$

$\sin t^\circ = 0.76$

$\Rightarrow t^\circ = \sin^{-1}(0.76)$

$t = 49.64 \text{ s}$

What other value of t gives $\sin t^\circ = 0.76$

Ans: $180^\circ - 49.64^\circ$
 $= 130.36 \text{ s}$



$t = 49.64$ and $t = 130.36$

5 (i) $\log_2(10x+7) - \log_2(x+1) = 1$ (ii) $\ln(4x+1) = 1.0986$ (iii)

$\log_2 \left(\frac{10x+7}{x+1} \right) = 1$

$\frac{10x+7}{x+1} = 2^1$

$10x+7 = 2(x+1)$

$8x = -5$

$x = \frac{-5}{8}$

$e^{\ln(4x+1)} = e^{1.0986}$

$4x+1 = 3$

$x = \frac{1}{2}$

(iv) $e^{2x+4} = 7.389$

$\ln(e^{2x+4}) = \ln(7.389)$

$2x+4 = 2$

$x = -1$

6 TSA = $2x^2 + 4x(x+1)$ [4 sides have equal area of $x(x+1)$]

$= 2x^2 + 4x^2 + 4x$

TSA = $6x^2 + 4x$

TSA = $6x^2 + 4x = 240$

$6x^2 + 4x - 240 = 0$

$3x^2 + 2x - 120 = 0$

$(3x+20)(x-6) = 0$

$x = \frac{-20}{3} \mid x = 6 \checkmark$

$$(i) N = N_0 e^{kt}$$

• When $t=0$, $N=18$

$$18 = N_0 e^{k(0)} \Rightarrow \underline{N_0 = 18}$$

• November 1993, $t=70$, $N=5000$

$$N = N_0 e^{kt}$$

$$5000 = 18 e^{k(70)}$$

$$e^{70k} = 277.78$$

$$\ln(e^{70k}) = \ln 277.78$$

$$70k = 5.63$$

$$k = 0.0803$$

(ii) November 2023, $t=100$

$$N = N_0 e^{kt}$$

$$= 18 e^{0.0803(100)}$$

$$= 55,291.35$$

$$\approx 55,292$$

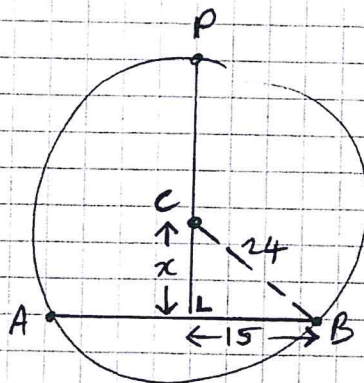
$$8// \quad 24^2 = x^2 + 15^2$$

$$576 = x^2 + 225$$

$$x^2 = 576 - 225$$

$$x^2 = 351$$

$$x = 3\sqrt{39}$$



$$\text{Height} = |PC| + |CD| + |DQ|$$

$$= 24 + 2(3\sqrt{39}) + 24$$

$$= 48 + 6\sqrt{39} \text{ cm}$$